IN AND OUT OF CONGRESS.

THE PROPOSITION TO ESTABLISH AN IN-TERNATIONAL BANK FAVOR-ABLY CONSIDERED.

PETITION IN JOHN L. WALLER'S BEHALF PRE-BENTED IN THE SENATE-SUCCESS OF THE SPECIAL FOSTAL SERVICE-ANOTHER HEARING ON UNION PACIFIC

REORGANIZATION. Washington, Jan. 27.-Appearances indicate that tion to establish an international bank lines suggested by the House Committee on will be favorably reported airman Walker, of Massachusetts, to-day said that two, and possibly three, members of the com-mittee might oppose the bill, but that with these exceptions the remainder of the committee would give it unanimously. Controller Eckels, of the two it unanimously. Controller Eckels, of the reasury Department, was before the committee bodsy, and favored granting a charter for the bank with some medifications. At the conclusion of the haring the bill was referred to a sub-committee, who will confer with the Controller and the At-terney-deneral as to the changes needed to obviate the constitutional objections to the measure and make it in harmony with the general policy of the

Mrs. John L. Waller, wife of the ex-Consul to famatave. Madagascar, now in a French prison matav. bough Senator Baker, to-day petitioned Congress take action in the case of her husband. She says the is a native of Urbana, Ohio, that her husband was born in Missouri, and that as a citizen of he was appointed Consul for the United States at Tamatave in 1891, a position he ecupled till 1894; that he remained in Madagascar fter temporarily for business purposes; that

the like her husband, an American citizen, is by six men belonging to a French extended by six men belonging to a French extended in the like of the l

The Secretary of the Treasury to-day sent to the Senate a draft of a joint resolution providing for the temporary appointment of expert money counters who, through former experience, are capable of ting counterfelts and have become expert in

from division superintendents indicate the marked the benefit of small cities and towns lying within a short distance of metropolitan centres During the latter part of last year Postmaster-Genommercial places and towns distant fifty or seemy-five most from them. The matter seems taken up by Second Assistant Postmaster-General Neilson, who authorized local service of this character on the Delaware, Lackawanna and Western Railway out of New-York and on the Pennsylvania out of Philadeiphia. He also authorized this service in the New-England Postal Division, but it has not yet gone into effect, owing to the delay in building necessary apartment cars by the railroad companies interested. The superintendent of the Third Division, which includes Washington, Maryland and Virginia, reports that the service has been a great success. The same service between Luia. 6a, and Atlanta has expedited the transmission of mail matter and newspapers in the Southern States. To Cincinnati, Merion, Dayton, Louisville, St. Louis and to points in Kansas great benefit has breamted Michigan towns have received these improved facilities from Chicago Captain White, general superintendent of the Railway Mail Service, would increase in usefulness to the public and materially advance the interests of the Postoffice Department. As opportunity offers the service will be extended throughout the Caparintendent which aken up by Second Assistant Postmaster-General

The Vicksburg Military Park Association, which was organized at Vicksburg, Miss., on October 23 has had the battle-field surveyed with military exactions, and the park has been found to contain about 1.700 acres, which can be purchased for not more than 550.00. The association asks the Government to take up the work and carry it to completion and will appear before the House Committee on Military Affairs for that purpose to-morrow. The association is composed of veterans of both sames.

It is the intention of the Republicans of the Senate on Wednezday to place Senator Frye, of Maine, in nomination for president pro tempore, and proesel to his election. It is understood that the Populists, in line with their policy when the committees were reorganized, will decline to vote, and the Re-publicans will increfore have a plurality sufficient to elect Senator Frye. The Democrats have called on all their members to be present, and will move to substitute Senator Harris, of Tennessee, for Mr. Frye. There is every reason to believe that the Re-publicans will be successful.

Within the last two or three days the Secretary of the Interior, Hoke Smith, and ex-Speaker Crisp have urged Senator Gordon, of Georgia, to withdraw his declination and he a candidate for re-section to the Senate, and both men assured the Senator that if he would do so they would not permit their names to be used as candidates against him. Senator Gordon, while appreciating the friendship-that caused the profier, remains firm in his deter-mination not to again be a candidate for the Senate.

The House Committee on Pacific Railroads to-day The House Committee on Pacific Railrocus fo-day heard W. S. Pierce, counsel for the reorganization committee of the Union Pacific road, and A. W. Kreck, secretary of the reorganization committee, in connection with the plan of the committee for the reorganization of the Union Pacific. Mr. Pierce explained in detail the plans of those he represented, after which the committee adjourned until to-mortow, when others will be heard.

Secretary Carlisie sent to the House to-day, in response to a resolution, the report of Professor El-liott, of the Smithsenian Institution on the condi-tion of the fur seal flaheries of Alaska.

The United States Court of Claims to-day rendered a judgment for \$77,50, in favor of David
Myeric, of California, for work done on monitors
built on the Pacific. Myeric is dead and the judgments will be collected by his heirs and assigns.

Chief Engineer Herman Herwig, U. S. N., Captain Paul Mercer, United States Marine Corps, and D. W. Nash, U. S. N., have been placed on the retired list. The President has approved the recommendations of the naval examining board for the promotion of Assistant Parnaster H. E. Jewett, Lieutenant-Commanders W. T. Swinburn and C. T. Hutchins and Ensign Volney Chase.

The World's Fair medals, 23,857 in number, were Received at the Treasury Department to-day. nedals will be held here until the Commission meets and adopts measures for their proper distribution.

On April 1 next free delivery postal service established at the following cities: Laconia, N. H.; Rockville, Conn.; Amhurst, Mass.; Jamaica, N. Y.; Belvidere, N. J.; Eurlington, N. J.; Englewood, N.

J.; Washington, N. J.; Dubois, Penn. Senator Lodge has changed the text of his fortiscations bond bill in some respects, and will offer it as an amendment to the House bond bill when that measure reaches the voting stage in the Senate this week. The following is the text of the proposed

amendment:

The Secretary of the Treasury is hereby authorized and directed to issue bonds to a total amount of 180,000,000 at such times and in such amounts as may be required to carry out the purposes of this section as hereinafter described. Said bonds shall see payable in coin twenty years from the date of their issue. They shall be offered at par to the people of the United States in denominations ranging from \$60 to \$1,000, and shall bear interest at the rate of \$2 per centum per annum. The subscriptions to the loan, or to such portion of it as may then be required, shall be opened on July 1, 1896, and at such subsequent dates as the Secretary of the Treasury may determine, at all Sub-Treasuries of the United States and at all National benks, and the subscribers shall have the right to pay for the bonds in lawful money of the United States.

The sum of \$5,000,000 shall be annually set aside from the revenue of the Government for a sinking fund to pay the bonds issued under this act, at maturity, and the \$1,000,000 thus annually appropriated shall take precedence of all other appropriations,

by law, and for the payment of the principal and interest of the public debt.

The bonds authorized by this act shall constitute a loan, to be known as the "Coast Defence Loan," and the proceeds of said bonds shall be kept in the Treasury as a fund apart and shall be used only for providing for the defence of the seacoasts and lakes of the United States, and for the manufacture of guns, the purchase of sites, and the erecon of forts and batteries for that purpose, in accordance with plans prepared by the War Department, as authorized by law now or hereafter passed by Congress to provide for coast defences.

Secretary Lamont sent to the House to-day the report of the Engineer Corps on the survey of the Allegheny River, Pennsylvania, for the construction of certain locks and dams. Slack-water navigation, the report says, can be secured by the construction of two locks and dams-one at Six-Mile island and the other at Springdale—at a cost of \$500,000.

The President sent to the House to-day all the of the scheme to colonize a number of American respondence shows that in the absence of any fund available to transport them to their homes in Alabama, assurance was given by the United States panies that Congress would be urgel to appropriate the money if the companies would furnish the trans-

THIS IS WEEK DAY RELIGION.

WORSHIPPERS FILL COOPER UNION.

DR. A. C. DIXON AND DR. H. M. SANDERS PREACH -MEETINGS TO BE HELD FIVE DAYS

Among the many creat meetings which have been held in the large hall of Cooper Union, it is safe to say that few have aroused so widesprend an interest or attracted so many people as these which are conducted this winter by the Rev. Dr. A. C Dixon, of Brooklyn. In the first place they are held on Monday, just after a person has had an opportunity of attending church services two or



eral Wilson became convinced that better and more if ever a man is busy, he is fully occupied. And yet at 3 o'clock yesterday not a seat within range of the speaker's desk was empty, and more people came to the doors and after looking in went away.

Dr. Dixon is conceded to be one of the ablest evangelists in this country, and yesterday he was assisted by Dr. H. M. Sanders, of the Madison Avenue Baptist Church, one of the most scholarly pastors in this city. Music formed a prominent



THE REV. DR. A. C. DIXON.

feature in this se in all evangelistic meetings. Miss Anna Park accompanied the piano with her cornet, and played one or two solos. Miss Upham and W. S. Weeden sang solos, and the Boys' Strigade Choir also contributed to this part of the meeting. Mr. Weeden led the great audience in the song service. Before the speaking began, Dr. Dixon said that he believed that there should be meetings every day for two weeks, and these could be held if the people present were willing to support them finan-cially, paying the rent of the hall, and advertising the meetings. In ten minutes \$600 was sent to the deak, and it was announced that, beginning next Monday, there would be preaching on five consecutive days.
On Monday Dr. D. J. Burrell, of the Marble Church,
will preside, and Dr. Dixon will preach on "The
Resurrection of Jesus. A meeting of the pastors
and Christian workers will be held at 2 p. m., an

open air service at the Cox Statue, near Clinton Hall; a song service at 3 p. m. in the Cooper Union Hall, followed by the preaching service at 3:30.

Dr. Sanders spoke upon "Christian Consecration," taking for his text the passage in Paul's Letter, to the Church of Corinth, in which the Apparts. Dr. Sanders spoke upon "Caristian Consectation taking for his text the passage in Paul's Letter, to the Church of Corinth, in which the Apostle said that the love of Christ constrained him. In referring to the Greek word translated "constrain," the speaker said that it meant to press together, to lift up, to push forward. The love of Christ had that effect upon a man who came completely under its power, it pressed him together, lifted him up and sent him forward to do the work of Christ. Self, he added, is the essence of sin, as love is the essence of religion. Love is like a candle that burns itself to death that it may give light to others. "Heaven upon Earth" was Dr. Dixon's theme. He told what the Christian possesses to-day, and how he may enjoy his possessions. His address was full of telling anecdotes and interesting experiences in his pastoral life. His hearts were heartily in sympathy with him, and when he referred to the improved conditions of municipal life in this city, and expressed the hope that Dr. Parkhurst and others would continue to send hornets against the Canaanites in New-York, a storm of applause broke out in all parts of the hail.

It was announced at the meeting that the Rev. Mr. O'Conner would hold an evangelistic service at Masonic Temple next Sunday evening.

OYSTERS IN ABUNDANCE.

THEIR REPORTED SCARCITY CONTRADICTED-

NEVER CHEAPER THAN NOW. Referring to a reported scarcity of oysters, Eugene G. Blackford, of Fulton Market, ex-president of the State Fisheries Commission, said to a Tribune re-State Fisheries Commission, said to a Tribine re-porter yesterday: "Oysters are in great abundance in this city, and it is all nonsense for any one to say that they are scarce. Only a month ago the market was so glutted with them that hundreds of barrels had to be sent back to the beds and replanted. The oyster beds from which this market is supplied are so conveniently accessible that when there is an oversupply from any cause the surplus oysters can easily be put back into the water and kept in their original beds until they are needed. The report that the price of oysters was advanced The report that the price of bysters was advanced early in the season is incorrect, for the market has been as steady as a clock. The bysters used here were never cheaper or finer. There is no scarcity of oysters in Southern New-Jersey, but as sometimes happens there, as well as e ewhere, the crop is too

happens there, as well as e sewhere, the crop is too poor to be marketable. In Northern New-Jersey the oysters are better this year, but if the entire oyster crop of New-Jersey should be completely exhausted it would not affect this market, which depends for its supply only in a minor degree upon the Jersey oyster beds.

E. C. Strong, of E. C. Strong & Co., oyster planters and wholesale dealers, Fulton Market, said: ers and wholesale dealers, Fulton Market, said: ers and wholesale dealers, Fulton Market, said: ers and wholesale dealers, Fulton Market, said: here may be the series of the series of the said wholesale of the said of the entire country is over \$20,000,000 a vear.

GOVERNOR.

HE DENIES THAT HE WAS CARELESS, THAT HE WAS RESPONSIBLE FOR KILLORAN, RUS-SELL AND ALLEN, OR THAT HE EX-

ACTED EXORBITANT FEES.

Albany, Jan. 27.-Frank H. Platt, of the firm of Tracy, McFarlane, Boardman & Platt, to-day filed with Governor Morton the answer prepared by Benjamin F. Tracy to the charges filed with the Governor in November last by Henry and other citizens of New-York against Tamsen. The answer is a general denial. and the charges are discussed in detail on the same line as was taken by the delence at the trial

In his answer, Sheriff Tamsen reviews the appointment of Henry F. Ranbe and James P. Archi-bald as wardens of Ladlow Street Jail, and says oubt at the time of the appointments as to the men appointed. Referring to the escape of the three postoffice robbers-Killoran, Allen and Russell-from the jall, he says that they were in the custody of the United States Marshal, who was

has falled to exercise the duties of his office with

THE ANNUAL SHOW OF COOKERY.

EXHIBITION AND BALL OF THE SOCIETE CULINAIRE PHILANTHROPIQUE.

The thirtieth annual ball of the Societé Cull Philanthropique will occur this evening at the Madof art will be made, and it will be continued all

OBJECTIONS MADE TO THE PROPOSED BRONX VALLEY SEWER OUTLET-MR MOR-RIS'S ANSWER

At the regular meeting of the Park Foard yes-terday afternoon President Pordham Morris, of the Bronx Valley Sewer Commission, was present to discuss the proposed outlet of the sever near High Island. Mr. Morris said that as some expressions from him were requested, he did not hesitate to make them, but he thought that the members of the many meetings held by the Commission. He had understood that there were present a number of persons from High Island who were ready to present objection to the outlet of the sewer being made near the island, and he preferred hearing being made near the island, and he preferred hearing them first. The latter were accordingly heard. They were the pilots, Fordham and Lewis, and a number of others. They declared that because of the position of High Island and the nature of the ebb and flow these any sewage emptiled in that yieldingly would be sore to be driffed on the shore, where it would prove a menace to the health of the people.

"In our plans," said Mr. Morris in reply, "we have made it a point to protect the fisheries and the health of all persons along the Sound, and these people do not seem to realize it. If they can suggest any better plan let them do it."

The Board finally agreed to allow its engineer and the engineer of the Commission to consult and report on the matter.

THEY WANT THE MAYOR AT THE DANCE.

MR. STRONG SHOWS HIS BHECMATIC LEG AS HIS BEST EXCUSE FOR A DECLINATION.

Sheriff Tamsen headed a delegation of Germans yesterday afternoon who called on Mayor Strong. The delegation was a special committee appointed by the organization having in charge the German Pebruary 4, and it called to ask the Mayor to be present at the bail. The Sheriff was the spokesman. He urged upon the Mayor that the Germans of the city would be most pleased if he would so arrange matters that he could attend the entertainment.
"Why, I can't dance," said the Mayor, thrusting his rheumatic left leg out to the gaze of the delega-

sight of the Mayor in a minued or waitz would be most enjoyable, yet the fact of the Mayor's presence would of itself be a high honor; it would not be necessary for him to do more than walk. The Mayor said be would think it over and reply to the committee later.

FUNERAL OF JOHN D. LAWSON.

The funeral of John D. Lawson, who died at the Hanover, No. 2 East Pifteenth-st., on Friday last, took pince yesterday morning at the Church of the Ascension, Fifth-ave and Tenth-st. The Rev. Dr. Percy Stickney Grant, the paster, and the Rev. Dr. Winchester Donald, of Trinity Church, Boston, conducted the services. The pallbearers were Cornellus Van Cott, Thomas L. James, Oliver H. Libby, Lispenard Stewart, J. Langdon Ward and Salen

Lispenard Stewart, J. Langdon ward and Salem H. Wales.

The coffin was covered with flowers sent by relatives and friends of the dead man. The church was filled with mourners. Among those present were colonel Affred Wagstaff, G. Wallace Humphrey, M. G. Wilkins, Dr. W. A. Richardson, Dr. J. H. Dorn, H. W. Dunne, ex-Commissioner George Starr and N. C. Cleaves

The ocdy was taken to Greenwood Cemetery and buried in the family plot.

BADGES FOR WARING'S LITTLE AIDS. The Street Cleaning Department is, Colonel War-ing says, desirous of enlisting the aid of the children in its work of cleaning the streets. With the

missioner Waring has designed a small badge, which he issues to those sufficiently interested in the work to apply to him. The badge is octagonal, of German silver, with a pin attachment on the back. On the face, around the arms of the city, is this inscription: "We Are For Clean Streets. D. S. C.—New-York City-D. S. C."

Young people who wear them are supposed to aid the Department by reporting anything they consider the Department ought to know, and any derenction in they may discover in the action of the Department's employees

THE SHERIFF'S EXPLANATIONS TO THE A MOVEMENT TO FIND AND MARK IT.

SOME DOUBT AS TO WHERE IT IS-THE FAMOUS

PAINTER'S POVERTY IN HIS LAST YEARS. At a recent meeting of the Council of the Fine Arts Federation of New-York the following resolution was passed:

Whereas, It has come to the knowledge of your Committee on Painting that the grave of the distinguished American painter, Gibert Stuart, remains at this day unmarked save by the number of record on the maps of the cemetery where he is buried; he it, therefore.

Resolved, That the Fine Arts Federation recommend that steps be taken for the erection of a suitable mark over the grave of Gilbert Stuart; and that the Committee on Painting is hereby instructed to take action to this end, and report to the Council of the Federation.

Regarding this resolution, J. Carroll Beckwith, chairman of the Committee on Painting of the Fine Arts Federation, said yesterday: "In November last a letter was published in bert Stuart was without mark other than a number in the cemetery. The letter was signed Albert M. Morian, of Indianapolis. I wrote to this gentleman and received a reply to the effect that Gilbert Stuart was buried in or near allowed to place them in the jail, and who was Boston. Mr. Morlan was unable to give me a not believe there were any descendants of Mr. Arts Pederation authorizing the Committee on Painting to ascertain if the grave of Gilbert Stuart was without mark, and if so, to take monument erected. I am endeavoring to locate this grave, and invite the aid of all who can with give information on the subject. When the information is obtained, the committee will send out a circular to the public and to art and histhe charge that the Sheriff had falled torical institutions, asking for subscriptions for jurges property, he explains that, if the erection of a monument, sees where complaints were made, the

torical institutions, asking for subscriptions for the erection of a monument.

Thomas W. Wood, president of the National Academy of Design, said he did not think Gilbert Stuar; had been buried in any out-of-the-way place, where his body could not be found. It was true, however that Stuar; was unfashionable toward the end of his life. He was not in vogue so much as in previous years. At that time Chester Harding, one of the old portrait painters, left Boston for England, declining to fill eighty commissions, while Stuart had no commissions and was in poverty. Mr. Wood thought, however, that Jane Stuart, Gilbert Stuart's daughter, had written a life of her father, which mentioned the place of his burial.

A search at the Astor Library resulted in finding a book by George C. Mason, published in A search at the Astor Library resulted in find-ing a book by George C Mason, published in 1879, entitled "The Life and Works of Gilbert Stuart." This bygraphy, it is stated in the preface, was written at the request of Jane Stuart, he only surviving member of Mr. Stuart's family.

Stuart's family
This book contains the following reference to
Gilbert's Suart's burial-place: "The remains
of Gilbert Stuart were deposited in the cemetery
on Boston Common. A gentleman who was
present told Miss Stuart that he had made a note of the number of the vault, but unfortu-nately, he put it away and could not find it. Could the spot have been identified, a gentledistinguished for his liberality and kind-of heart would have had the remains removed to Rhode Island and placed in the family

the birthplace and carry nome of Guerry Strart, according to this hook, was an old-fash-toned, gambrel-roofed and low-portailed house by the side of a tiny stream at the head of Petaguamscott Fond, in Narragansett County. e Island. He was born on December 3, and died on July 27, 1828.

At the same meeting of the Fine Arts Federa-At the same meeting of the Fine Aris Federa-tion a resolution was passed recommending to the favorable consideration of American paint-ers and sculptors the invitation to the artists of the United States, received through the Con-sul-General at Berlin, to participate in the ex-hibition to be held in that city this year.

VACANT LOTS CULTIVATED.

SUCCESS OF THE PLAN TO GIVE WORK TO UNEM-PLOYED PERSONS.

The committee having in charge the cultivation of vacant city lots by unemployed persons has, through its chairman, Bolton Hall, made its report for the season of 1805, from which the following is

The committee availed itself of land in Long Island City, comprise, in three large tracts of 15 acres (1.5% city lots altogether), donated by William Steinway, Mrs. John Lowrs, H. B. Hollins and the Long is and improvement Company.

The plan endraced a means of providing immediate work on a business basis for all unemployed, however unskilled, who might be willing and capable.

orker), but skilled He-or every working day.

The following is the detailed statement of the ommittee's expenses for the co-operative farm: seed, tools and labor, \$881.75; land fertilizer on hand, 18; tool cost, \$866.75; receipts from produce,

SOME HOUSES WOULD BE DAMAGED.

OPINION OF AN EXPERT ON THE EFFECT OF EUILDING THE RAPID TRANSIT ROAD.

The Supreme Court Commissioners, Frederic R. Coudert, George Sherman and William H. Gelshenen, who were appointed to decide on the feasibility of constructing an underground ratiroad according to the plans adopted by the Board of Rapid Tran-sit, met again yesterday afternoon at No. 256 Broadway. Lawson N. Fuller, who was a witness at the hast session, again took the stand to say that the property-owners were opposed to the city's furnish-ing the money for the underground railroad. Charles Sooysmith followed Mr. Fuller. He said that his estimate of \$50,000,000 as the cost of the road was based on the plans and estimates pre-pared by Chief Engineer Parsons, with which he agreed on the whole.

In speaking of the underpinning of buildings, the witness said that structures would undoubtedly be eracked in some instances along Broadway. was well aware of the fact that somebody should was well aware of the fact that somebody should be responsible for injury to buildings, and speaking professionally, he would recommend that extreme precaution be employed.

"Would it be necessary in your opinion to underpin all the buildings whose foundations are higher than the level of the excavation?" asked Mr. Zabriskie.

"I do not think it would be necessary to underpin them all." was the reply of the witness.

A recess was here taken until to-day at 10:30 o'clock.

A NEW CHURCH ON THE WEST SIDE. Ground will be broken within a few weeks for the erection of a church for the Roman Catholic parish of the Ascension. The site of the new build-ing is in One-hundred-and-seventh-si., between Amsterdam-ave, and the Boulevard. The plot of ground is 75x100, and comprises four lots. The architects preparing the plans are Schickel and Only the chapel providing for the accommodation

of six hundred persons will be built now. The cost of the plot of ground and the chapel is estimated at from \$25,090 to \$25,000. The plans for the further construction of the church will only be carried out when sufficient funds for that purpose are secured. The church will be built in the Romanesque style of architecture. It is to cover only three of the four lots purchased. The other lot is to be reserved for the building of a rectory of the parish. The plans now drawn for the auditorium of the church provide for the accommodation of a congregation of 1,000 people. of six hundred persons will be built now.

TAMSEN'S ANSWER FILED. GILBERT STUART'S GRAVE. COTTON DEMAND AND SUPPLY.

SOME NEW FIGURES FROM MR. NEILL.

CROP AS DEMONSTRATED BY ELLISON'S FIG-

URES_FLUCTUATIONS IN CONTRACTS. The bears on the New-York Cotton Exchange man aged to ease off the market seven points yesterday. May closing at 8.02. A decline of half a dozen points is a "cake walk" for the cotton bears nowadays open one point higher this morning, will fall over each other and raise a din that would put Bedlam to shame, in their frantic endeavors to buy back the cotton they sold yesterday. The bursting of a paper bag is sufficient to start a panic among them. They sold yesterday for the same reasons they aiwals sell-on "general principles," on "dulness" because "there is nobody to buy"; "large spot offer at Mobile," etc. Brown sells because Jones is sellranged on the bull side in a twinkling if they think

tide for six points instead of the ebb, though "sell-ing on the bulge" is their favorite motto. There was nothing in yesterday's news that could alter the convictions of the bulls that for this crop at least bottom has been touched and temporary fluctuations don't count. On the contrary, exports of 40,000 bales from the ports, almost double the port receipts, and purchases by Manchester spinpers of 12,000 bales in Liverpool, demonstrated that normal conditions still prevail and the cotton is

disappearing at a gratifying rate. Spot sales equal to yesterday's at Liverpool and the absence of tidings of the stoppage of spindles anywhere are all that is needed to bring about the results demonstrated by Mr. Neill in the following

To the Editor of The Tribune.

Sir. Mr. Ellison still estimates European consumption at 180,000 bales of 4.0 pounds per week, equal to, for the year, bales of 4.0 pounds, 2,363,000 He estimates the supply other than American 2,700,000

So the American required is 6 bales of 40 pounds equal to bales of 5,572,000 The spluners of Europe to January 18, have taken (against 2,82) last year) 2,130,000

so they require, from imports or mill stocks as tooks as tooks as tooks as tooks as too supply their consumption for the balance of the year to let Sept. 1896, from 18th Jany 1 have demonstrated their out of a crop of 6,500,690 bales Europe can only get a total for the year of 3,990,000 tales, of which we have already sent, 18th Jany 2,486,000

so we can ship thereafter.
Add Liverpool stock, American, 18th Jany.
Continental port and stocks, 18th Jany.
Add aftoat for Europe, 18th Jany. and the total European supply of American hereafter would be

the mill stock) to meet a ron-2,283,000 The inference is, if Mr. Ellison's figures that the consumption for the last twenty been more than the indicated takings of otter (195,00) bales per week, and that, by whatever the European spinners y of reserve or surplus stock, is less now

tegether to hold on October 1. 200, towed out of a 7.00,000 bale error for European mall stocks alone, about 200,00 bales, against last year. 2.22,000 bales at same data. 2.000 bales, which ver Eur even on a crep of 7.000 00 bales, which ver few now expect, he shows only \$65,000 at ports and cells of Europe October 1, 1900.

The figure for 1991 is Mr. Fillson's eatlerate, if the merican crop turns out 7,000,000. H. M. NEHLL.

In Long with the series of the superior of the

THE GORDON TRIAL NEARLY ENDED. Assistant District-Attorney Vernon M. Davis yes-erday resumed his summing up in the trial of terday resumed his summing up in the trial of Louis Gordon on the charge of setting fire to his shirr factory at No. 21 Walker-st. so as to get \$2,200 insurance. Mr. Davis fin shed his address at 4 o'clock, and court then adjourned until to-day, when Judge Fitzgerald will charge the jury.

THE MIMAHON MURDER CASE.

Patrick McMahor, who on Sunday assailed his unt. Mrs. Bridget Sexton, and his uncle, John Mcaunt. Mrs. Bridget Sexton, and his uncle, John Me-Mahon, at their home, No. 145 East Forty-first-st, causing the death of the woman, was rearraigned before Magistrate Simms, in the Yorkville Cour-yesterday. An affidavit charging homicide was drawn up against McMahon, and he was held without ball to await the action of the Grand Jury. He refused to make any statement, and did not seem surprised when told of his aunt's death.

John McMahon was reported to be in an improved condition at Bellevue Hospital yesterday. The surgeon in charge said that his chief injury was little more than a severe scalp wound, and that he would recover. out bail to await the action of the Grand Jury.

ANSELM EHRET BURIED.

All the prominent brewers were present yesterday at the funeral of Anselm Ehret, father of George Ehret, the brewer, which took place at St. Joseph's Roman Catholic Church, in Eighty-seventh-st., near First-ave. A solemn high mass of requiem was celebrated. The church could not hold all the brewers, liquor dealers, business men and friends of the Ehret family who wished to attend the services, Ehret family who wished to attend the services. In addition to these, there were about 250 employes of the Ehret brewery, which was closed on account of the funeral. The celebrant of the mass was Father Lammel, the pistor. He was assisted by Fathers Brown and Weber. The singing was by the church choir, under the direction of Frank Breyer, the organist. The burial was in Calvary Cemetery.

BRUSHES GO UP IN SMOKE. Tollet brushes and whisk-brooms valued at \$35,000 were burned up in a fire at No. 8 Thomas-st, yesterday afternoon. The fire broke ow at 4:60 o'clock in the attic storerooms of George R. Gibson, dealer in brushes, who occupies the attic and the third and fourth floors in the building, which is owned by the Manhattan Trust Company. Thomas Christmas, the superintendent of the building, detected the odor of smoke, went up to the attic and found the odor of smoke, went up to the attic and found the after an afront room in a blaze. Christmas turned in an front room in a blaze. Christmas turned in After alarm. Soon a second alarm was turned in. After two hours the fire was put out. Mr. Jibsons the fire was put out. Mr. Jibsons the property was fully insured. The damage to the property was fully insured. The damage to the building and the losses of other tenants were placed at \$10,000, all covered by insurance. fourth floors in the building, which is owned by the

A LIFE ON THE STAGE.

J. H. STODDART'S LONG CAREER.

WHERE AND HOW HE HAS SPENT SIXTY-THREE OF HIS SIXTY-EIGHT YEARS. An expression often spoken jocosely an

people of the stage is, "Listen, and I will tell you the story of my life." To listen to the story of another's life, when one has a life of one's own to attend to, is commonly regarded as a bore. Yet when a life has been long and busy and useful, its story may become interesting and profitable and good for anybody to hear or read. It was with this thought a Tribune reporter asked J. H. Stoddart for the story of his life. It is appropriate, too, at this time, because on Thursday Mr. Stoddart will celebrate his sixty-third anniversary as an actor. He was born in Barnsley, England, on October 12, 1827, and a simple arithmetical calculation will show that his stage career began while he was still young.

The reporter found Mr. Stoddart in his dressingroom at the Academy of Music waiting for his turn to go on the stage in one of the scenes of "The Sporting Duchest." "There is nothing for me to tell," was his first answer to the reporter's question. "I have spent all my life in going from the stage door to my home and from my home back to the stage door, and I have not been where there were many amusing scenes or incidents. But wait till I time to talk with you, and I will tell you anything I can. My life has not had much variety; I have imply been acting here in New-York ever since 1554, except for two years when I tried to star."

SMALL TRIALS OF A SMALL ACTOR. Then the call to the stage came, the call which for an actor takes precedence of all the other calls and duties of life. He was back in the dressing-room in a few minutes. "There was an amusing inci-dent," he said, "connected with that first appearance of mine, sixty-three years ago. That was in Glasgow, at the Theatre Royal. My father had been an actor there for many years. He did not get a very large salary, and we all used to go on when any children were needed. By 'we' I mean myself and my five brothers, all dead now. We got a shilling each when we had any lines to speak, and sixpence when we had none. This first appearance of mine was in a play called "The Rent Day." My father played the part of the cruel landlord and I was one of the children of the poor tenant. My father stood on one side of the stage demanding his rent and threatening to turn the poor tenant out of doors. I stood on the other side of the stage, holding by the hand of my stage father, the tenant He was begging for mercy and the landlord was threatening him, till I got so confused with the whole scene that I walked across the stage to my own father, looked up in his face and set up a loud crying, which, of course, spoiled the scene. Sc. you see, my début was not a great success.

BROADENING THE FIELD OF ACTION.

"Well, we acted children's parts for a long time the apparitions in 'Macbeth,' and such things. Up there in Glasgow we managed to pick up a pretty good from London was going to play Macbeth, and I was to be one of the apparitions, I came up through the trap at one of the rehearsals and began beth' 'D-n it,' the actor shouted, 'can't you say in good, broad Scotch: 'Maacbeth, Maacbeth, Maac-

at the Glasgow Theatre Royal, till I was perhaps seventeen years old or so, and then my brother Robert and I went to Aberdeen. We acted there through the season and then made a tour of the smaller towns in the North of Scotland, and this we smaller towns in the North of Scotland, and this we did for some store or four years. After that I went to Liverpool, where I acted for five or six years at the Theatre Royal and the Amphitheatre. I always realized that I was no intended to play young lover's and such parts, and I have played old men all my life. I began playing them when I was a very young man. That is the way with some actors, you know, and it sometimes causes people to make strange mistakes about their ages. What! They say, 'Is that man alive still? Why, I saw him act thirty years ago, and he was playing old men then.

BEGINNING ALL OVER AGAIN.

"It was in 1854 that I came to America, and I then oined James Wallack's company. pointed James Wanay as that was I had never seen. Blake was in it, and Lester Wallack and M.s. Hoey and Miss Stevens and other fine actors. Mrs. Conber of the company, too. James Wallack used to star in the English provinces, and my Liverpoet manager, Mr. Copeland, who had charge of both the Royal and the Amphitheatre where I had acted, gave me a letter of introduction to him, It was in that way that

Theatre, and you know the rest."

Theatre, and you know the rest.

Of course, every New York theatre-goer knows what Mr. Steddart has done in the last few years. Among his more recent parts have been Mr. Parr, in "Partners"; Marchall, in "Captain Swife"; Mr. Justice Muddle, in "Aunt Jack"; Benjamin Goldfinch, in "A Pair of Spectacles"; William Penn Holder, in "One Touch of Nature"; Colonel Preston, in "Alabama"; Jean Torquénic, in "The Broken Seal"; Mr. Merriweather, in "Two old Boys"; Austin, in "The Patal Card," and Joe Aylmer, in "The Sporting Duchess." He has travelled everywhere, of course, with the Palmer company, and though he has always wished to be as much at home as possible, he is a good traveller, and he finds himself fresh and ready for work, he says, at the end of a journey that has completely fatigued and used up some of the younger members of the company, For some years Mr. Stoddart owned and occupied a farm in Rahway. N. J. where he made some horticuliural efforts, which were by no means comparable with his successes on the stage. He exchanged the farm a few years ago for a house in this city, in which he still lives. Those who know him best count him as one having the gentiest and kindlest of natures, and it is no fattery to say that he is always held in the affectionate regard of the actors of any company in which he plays that he is always held in the affectionate regard of the actors of any company in which he plays hat he is always held in the affectionate regard of the actors of any company in which he plays hat he is always held in the affectionate regard of the actors of any company in which he plays hat he is always held in the affectionate regard of the actors of any company in which he plays hat he is always held in the affectionate regard of the actors of any company in which he plays hat he is always held in the affectionate regard of the actors of the pleasantest incidents of the season or of any season. Of course, every New-York theatre-goer knows

TO INVESTIGATE THE 22D'S SQUABBLES. Major Henry S. Van Duzer, Judge Advocate on the staff of General Louis Fitzgerald, will begin an investigation into the election trouble of Company G. 22d Regiment, at brigade headquarters, Tist Regiment Armory, this evening.

The friends of Captain Dayton will be put on the Advocate Lieutenant Stabbler's friends

The friends of Captain Dayton with the part of the defensive. Lieutenant Stebbins's friends want to kaow why the ballots of the enlieted men were numbered and why their protest, addressed to State headquarters was side-tracked at regimental head-puarters. The trial will be of interest to all members of the National Guard.

CABLE-CAR TRANSFERS CALLED POR.

Mayor Strong has approved the resolution passed by the Board of Education calling upon the Metro-politan Traction Company to provide a propor sys-tem of transfers at Twenty-third-st. and Broadway between the Columbus-ave., Broadway and Lexing-ton-ave, cable lines. The passage of the resolution means that passengers who board a Columbus-ave. or Broadway car and who wish to go up Lexington-